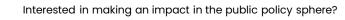




Education is a fundamental catalyst for development in all aspects. For sustainable economic progress, countries must invest significantly in human capital. It also plays a pivotal role in driving economic and social advancements as well as improving income distribution



ROLE OF EDUCATION IN A COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC GROWTH

- Educated workers contribute to higher productivity in the economy
- Education is seen as an investment in human capital
- Intellectual ability is valued as a business asset
- Basic literacy programs can lead to economic improvements
- Skill gap identified in Indian education system (2019 Skill India Report)



Education enhances individuals; productivity, creativity and fosters entrepreneurship

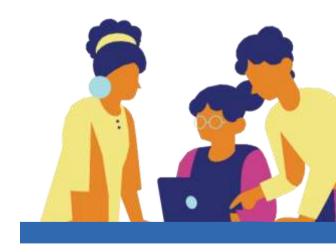




NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY, INDIA (2020)

National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 focuses on employability and vocational training across all education disciplines.

- Advocates for internships to provide practical industry experience for undergraduate students.
- Supports UN Sustainable Development Goal 4 of ensuring inclusive & equitable quality education.
- Special funds proposed to support vulnerable groups
 & retaining students in their educational journey.







- Emphasis on increasing digital platforms for open distance learning courses.
- Collaboration among various stakeholdersgovernment private sector, NGOs, & educational institutions.
- Goal to double Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher education from 26.3% (2018) to 50% by 2035

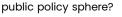






Indian School Of Public Policy (ISPP) academic programme- The Post Graduate Programme in Public Policy, Design, and Management, aspires to create leaders who undergo rigorous, training in communication, management, and leadership skills. The Careers Support Cell, assists each scholar in exploring various career pathways aligned with their interests and aspirations.





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